

# **Taylor Evans Public School**

## **CODE OF CONDUCT**

*(revised July 2024)*

### **GOAL**

It is the policy of the Upper Grand District School Board to maintain a safe and inclusive learning and teaching environment through the adoption of a Code of Conduct which promotes responsibility, respect, civility, and academic excellence, and sets clear standards of behaviour for all members of the school community. The goal is to create a positive school climate where all members of the school community feel safe, included and accepted.

### **INTRODUCTION**

Our school Code of Conduct is based upon the provincial Code of Conduct and the Upper Grand District School Board Code of Conduct (Policy 213), which apply to all members of the school community; students, administrators, staff, parents and guardians, community users, visitors, volunteers, etc. while on all school and board property, school buses, at school-authorized events, and off site at school-sponsored activities.

### **RIGHTS**

#### **Student rights include:**

- to be treated with dignity and respect
- to be provided with activities that are success oriented and build on individual strengths
- to receive a quality education

#### **Parent rights include:**

- to be treated with dignity and respect
- to be heard and to have concerns addressed
- to communicate with the school

**Staff rights include:**

- to be treated with dignity and respect
- to have a safe working environment
- to expect parents and students to be involved in creating a positive school environment

<b>STANDARDS OF BEHAVIOUR</b>
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**A) Respect, Civility and Responsible Citizenship****All members of the school community must:**

- respect and comply with all applicable federal, provincial and municipal laws
- respect and comply with all Ministry of Education, school board, and school policies
- demonstrate honesty and integrity
- respect differences in people, their ideas and their opinions
- treat one another with dignity and respect at all times, both in person and online, especially where there is disagreement or difference
- respect and treat others fairly, regardless of age, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, race, colour, place of origin, culture, citizenship, ancestry, origin, religion, creed, family status, marital status, socio-economic status, employment, housing, disability
- respect the rights of others
- show proper care and regard for school property and the property of others
- take appropriate measures to help those in need
- seek school staff assistance, if necessary, to resolve conflict peacefully
- respect all members of the school community, especially persons who are in a position of authority
- respect the needs of others to work in an environment that is conducive to learning and teaching
- not use abusive language or swear at another person
- not use personal mobile devices during instructional time except under the following circumstances:

- for educational purposes, as directed by an educator
- for health and medical purpose
- to support special education needs

### **Students in Grades 7-12**

Personal mobile devices must be stored out of view and powered off or set to silent mode during instructional time, except when their use is explicitly permitted by the educator.

### **Students in Grades 6 and below**

Personal mobile devices must be stored out of view and powered off or set to silent mode throughout the full instructional day, except when their use is explicitly permitted by the educator.

## **B) SAFETY**

### **All members of the school community must not:**

- engage in bullying or cyber-bullying behaviours

### ***Definition of bullying:***

*As defined in section 1 of the [Education Act](#), bullying means aggressive and typically repeated behaviour by a pupil where,*

- a) the behaviour is intended by the pupil to have the effect of, or the pupil ought to know that the behaviour would be likely to have the effect of,*
  - i) causing harm, fear or distress to another individual, including physical, psychological, social or academic harm, harm to the individual's reputation or harm to the individual's property, or*
  - ii) creating a negative environment at a school for another individual, and*
- b) The behaviour occurs in a context where there is a real or perceived power imbalance between pupil and the individual based on factors such as size, strength, age, intelligence, peer group power, economic status, social status, religion, ethnic origin, sexual orientation, family circumstances, gender,*

*gender identity, gender expression, race, disability or the receipt of special education*

c) *Cyber-bullying as defined in section 1 of the [Education Act](#), is bullying by electronic means including,*

a) *creating a webpage or a blog in which the creator assumes the identity of another person*

b) *impersonating another person as the author of content or messages posted on the internet; and*

c) *communicating material electronically to more than one individual or posting material on a website that may be accessed by one or more individuals*

- commit sexual assault or sexual harassment
- traffic in weapons or illegal drugs
- give alcohol or cannabis to a minor
- commit robbery or theft
- be in possession of any weapon, including firearms
- threaten or intimidate another person
- cause injury to any person with an object
- be in possession of alcohol, cannabis (unless a medical cannabis user), or illegal drugs
  - Students must also not be in possession of electronic cigarette, tobacco or nicotine products.
- use, or be under the influence of, alcohol, cannabis (unless a medical cannabis user), tobacco, electronic cigarettes, illegal drugs or related products
- provide others with alcohol, illegal drugs, tobacco, electronic cigarette, cannabis or related products
- inflict, or encourage others to inflict, bodily harm on another person
- engage in hate propaganda and other forms of behaviour motivated by bias, prejudice or hate

- commit an act of vandalism that causes extensive damage to school property, to property located on the premises of a school or board facility, to the property of a member of the school community

### **STUDENT ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES**

Students are to be treated with respect and dignity. In return, they must demonstrate respect for themselves, for others, and for the responsibilities of citizenship through acceptable behaviour and adherence to the board and school codes of conduct.

#### **All students will:**

- come to school prepared, on time and ready to learn
- show respect for themselves, and for others, and for those in positions of authority
- refrain from bringing anything to school that may compromise the safety of others
- follow the established rules and accept responsibility for their own actions

### **STAFF ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### **The Principal**

Under the direction of the school board, principals take a leadership role in the daily operation of a school. They provide this leadership by:

- demonstrating care for the school community and a commitment to student achievement and well-being in a safe, inclusive, and accepting learning environment
- holding everyone under their authority accountable for their own behaviour and actions
- empowering students to be positive leaders in their school and community
- communicating regularly and meaningfully with all members of the school's community
- ensuring that a school Code of Conduct, based on the provincial Code of Conduct and board's Code of Conduct, is developed and communicated annually to the school community

- Communications shall highlight the restrictions and requirements for personal mobile device use and the consequences of non-compliance.
- modeling the standards of respect, civility and responsible citizenship
- reviewing the school Code of Conduct at least once every three years, and seek input from school councils, staff, students, parents and guardians, and the school community on the review

### **Educators and School Staff**

Under the leadership of their principals, educators and other school staff maintain a positive learning environment and are expected to hold everyone to the highest standard of respectful and responsible behaviour. As role models, educators and other school staff uphold these high standards when they:

- help students work to fulfill their potential, and develop their sense of self-worth
- empower students to be positive leaders in their classroom, school and community
- communicate regularly and meaningfully with parents and guardians
- maintain consistent and fair standards of behaviour for all students
- demonstrate respect for one another, all students, parents, volunteers, and other members of the school community
- prepare students for the full responsibilities of citizenship, in particular the skill of respectful communication, both in person and online
- model the standards of respect, civility, and responsible citizenship. This includes modeling appropriate use of personal mobile devices. Educators are not to use personal mobile devices during instructional time, unless explicitly for work-related purposes.

### **PARENTAL ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES**

Parents play an important role in the education of their children and can support the efforts of school staff in maintaining a safe, inclusive, accepting, and respectful learning environment for all students. Parents fulfill their role when they:

- demonstrate respect for all members of the school community

- support the efforts of school staff in maintaining a safe and respectful learning environment
- are engaged in their child's schoolwork and progress
- communicate regularly with their child's school
- help their child be appropriately dressed and prepared for school
- ensure that their child attends school regularly and on time
- promptly report to the school their child's absence or late arrival
- become familiar with the provincial Code of Conduct, the board's Code of Conduct, and the school's Code of Conduct
- encourage and assist their child in following the board and school codes of conduct
- assist school staff in dealing with disciplinary issues involving their child

### SPECIFIC EXPECTATIONS/RULES FOR SCHOOL

Taylor Evans Public School students and staff are expected to be positive, kind, caring role models and leaders.

#### **Entering**

- Before school and during recesses, students will stay outside unless using the washroom with permission
- Enter school in a quiet and orderly fashion and go directly to class
- Hang up belongings and place outdoor footwear in designated area

#### **Halls/Indoors**

- Walk quietly and safely in single file when in halls, keeping hands and feet to themselves
- Use washroom/water fountain before going outside at Nutrition Breaks or with permission
- Shoes must be worn at all times
- For safety, proper shoes must be worn in the gym for physical activities
- Be proud of our school and keep it clean by using garbage cans and recycling bins

## **Yard:**

- Students should enjoy fair play and feel safe on the playground
- Engage collaboratively and take responsibility for actions when conflicts arise
- Dress appropriately, as students remain outside except in the instances of extreme weather
- Stay within defined play areas
- No food or drink is allowed outside (water bottles during instructional times with permission from an educator)
- Respect and obey all staff and yard supervisors
- Avoid dumpsters, parking lots, snow piles, wet areas or uncleared areas
- Report emergencies or concerns to supervisors immediately
- No wrestling or body contact games such as play wrestling, tackle football, etc.
- Obey winter rules
- Snow balls, hard balls, hard rubber balls, golf balls, skateboards, scooters, hockey sticks are prohibited on school property
- No climbing on fences
- Respect nature and the environment

## **Play Structures**

- Take turns
  - Eyes remain open at all times
  - Sit when sliding feet first and clear the slide quickly when you reach the bottom
  - Use equipment for its intended purpose – no standing on top of the structure
- There are certain activities that are not permitted on the play structure and are defined by 'inappropriate' play:

1. Pushing
2. Fighting or play fighting
3. Throwing stones, sticks, other objects
4. Chewing gum or food while on equipment
5. Jumping off platforms
6. Tag games

## **Assemblies**

- Proceed quietly to your class seating area in an orderly fashion



- Listen attentively, upright and participate appropriately
- Use polite applause

### **APPROPRIATE DRESS**

Taylor Evans expects that all students will dress in a way that is appropriate for the school day or for any school-sponsored event. Students have a right to learn in a safe and caring space that is free of bias and discrimination, and have a right to express their individuality respectfully. It is an expectation that student dress choices respect the UGDSB's intent to promote a community that is inclusive of a diverse range of identities. Appropriate dress shall be free of images, logos or language that portray ethnic prejudice, racism, sexism, vulgarity, gang-related markings, obscenities, profanity, hate speech or pornography, or reference alcohol, drugs or related paraphernalia, or other illegal conduct or activities.

Students must wear:

- A shirt or equivalent (e.g. sweater, etc.) with fabric in the front, back and on the sides under the arms, AND
- Pants or the equivalent (e.g. skirt, sweatpants, leggings, dress, shorts), AND
- Shoes or the equivalent (e.g. boots, sandals, etc.) Clothing must fully cover genitals, buttocks, midribs and breasts with opaque fabric.

Students cannot wear:

- Clothing or accessories containing violent language or images
- Images, logos or language depicting drugs, alcohol or any illegal item or activity
- Images, logos or language that portrays: ethnic prejudice, racism, sexism, vulgarity, gang-related markings, obscenities, profanity, hate speech, and/or pornography
- Images, logos or language that creates a hostile or intimidating environment

- Any clothing that reveals visible undergarments (visible waistbands and visible straps are allowed)
- Swimsuits (except as required in class or athletic practice)
- Accessories that could be considered dangerous or could be used as a weapon (with the exception of religious accessories or articles of faith such as Kirpan)
- For safety considerations, clothing items must not obscure the face or ears, except as a religious observance

Dress code implies a range of approved apparel and/or general dress protocols that are deemed appropriate for students regardless of their race, age, ability, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, ethnicity, religion, cultural observance, socio-economic circumstances, or body type/size.

Please refer to the [UGDSB Student Dress Code guidelines](#).

### **POLICE SERVICES ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES**

Police services play an essential role in making our schools and communities safer. The police investigate incidents in accordance with the guidelines established in the [Police/School Board Protocol](#).

### **COMMUNITY PARTNERS ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES**

Community-based service providers are resources that boards can use to deliver prevention or intervention programs. Protocols and collaborative agreements are effective ways of establishing linkages between boards and community-based service providers and of formalizing the relationship between them. These partnerships must respect all applicable collective agreements.

### **IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SCHOOL'S CODE OF CONDUCT**

Safe Schools Policy 503 (Student Discipline, Bullying Prevention and Intervention, Suspension and Expulsion) provides direction to the school Code of Conduct in order to support and maintain a positive school climate for all students, staff, and community. The school Code of Conduct supports the use of positive practices, including prevention

and early intervention, as well as consequences for inappropriate behaviour. This includes Progressive Discipline, and suspension and expulsion where necessary. Before applying disciplinary measures, the discriminatory and disproportionate impacts of disciplinary decisions on students protected by the Human Rights Code shall be considered.

## **PROGRESSIVE DISCIPLINE**

Progressive Discipline is a whole school approach that makes use of a continuum of prevention programs, interventions, supports, and consequences to promote positive behaviours. In developing a Progressive Discipline approach, preventative practices, corrective and supportive strategies are used to reinforce positive behaviours. These approaches build skills for healthy relationships and promote positive behaviours.

## **SPECIFIC PROGRESSIVE DISCIPLINE STRATEGIES FOR SCHOOL**

Progressive Discipline is a range of early and later interventions, supports, and consequences that are developmentally appropriate, and include opportunities for students to learn from mistakes and that focus on improving behaviour. These may include, but are not limited to:

- Student Success and Character Development strategies and programs;
- providing students with the opportunity to learn life skills such as conflict resolution, anger management and communication skills;
- utilizing models based on the concepts of peer mediation and/or peer counselling;
- documenting incidents requiring disciplinary measures, and applying the mitigating factors;
- being sensitive to unique circumstances which may affect student behaviour;
- ensuring that contact with the parent(s)/guardian(s) of students, under the age of eighteen, is made early in the disciplinary process;

- maintaining contact with the parent(s)/guardian(s) and involving them in a plan to improve the behaviour until the behaviour is acceptable.

As incidents arise, it is recognized that each situation is unique. Incidents are managed in a consistent manner to ensure that fairness is integral to the process, and that this fairness is perceived by all participants. Within this process, consideration for consequences will be given for:

- student age
- frequency of incidents
- nature and severity of incidents
- student exceptionalities
- extenuating circumstances
- impact on the school climate

## **CONSEQUENCES**

The school will use a range of interventions, supports and consequences that include learning opportunities for reinforcing positive behaviour while helping students to make good choices.

In addressing inappropriate behaviour by students, schools will:

- utilize appropriate and consistent action to address inappropriate behaviours within the practice of Progressive Discipline
- ensure the degree of disciplinary action is in proportion to the severity of the behaviour exhibited, and that a student's previous history and other relevant factors are taken into account
- provide students with experience using conflict resolution, anger management and communication skills
- document incidents requiring disciplinary measures
- consider mitigating factors

- make contact with parents and guardians of students under the age of eighteen, or students over the age of 18 or those 16 or 17 years old who have withdrawn from parental control (adult students), early in the disciplinary process and involve them in a plan to improve the student's behaviour until the behaviour is acceptable; and/or
- utilize consequences such as short-term suspension, and respond as required with long-term suspension or expulsion

The application of consequences, supports and interventions are determined by the incident and the individual students involved. Consequences, supports and interventions used include and are not limited to:

**Examples of Consequences:**

- verbal reminder
- warning
- review of expectations/rules
- written or verbal apology
- incident sheet
- yard: 5 minutes on the wall
- yard: walk with an adult
- email written to parent/guardian
- phone call home
- student contract sheet
- restitution
- in-school community service
- loss of in-school privileges
- loss of field trip privileges
- suspension from the bus
- suspension
- expulsion

**Examples of Supports/Interventions:**

- problem solving discussion with P/V/P
- written/drawn reflection
- conflict mediation
- social stories
- discussion with parents (next steps, solutions)
- restorative conversation with others involved
- Child and Youth Counsellor support
- positive reward system
- Attendance Counsellor support
- Student/teacher parent meeting
- case conference with school staff and/or Board consultants
- referral to outside agencies
- Suspension/Expulsion Program

**SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION**

To maintain a safe and effective learning environment, suspensions and expulsions may be imposed not only to deter inappropriate behaviour, but also to remove individuals who pose a threat to the safety and well-being of others. The provincial Code of Conduct specifies that for student actions that do not comply with the provincial Standards of Behaviour, suspension and expulsion may be considered. The board's Safe Schools Policy (Policy 503) sets out the process for suspension and expulsion. This policy specifies the student actions that **may** result in the principal imposing a suspension, as well as the student actions that **will** result in the principal imposing a suspension and considering an expulsion pending an investigation of the incident.

### MITIGATING FACTORS

The principal will consider the following mitigating factors when considering the length of a suspension:

- whether the student has the ability to control their behaviour
- whether the student has the ability to understand the foreseeable consequences of their behaviour
- whether the student's continuing presence in the school does or does not create an unacceptable risk to the safety of any other individual at the school

The principal will also consider the following factors:

- the student's academic, discipline and personal history
- whether other Progressive Discipline has been attempted with the student, and if so, the Progressive Discipline approach(es) that has/have been attempted and any success or failure
- whether the infraction for which the student might be disciplined was related to any harassment of the student because of race, colour, ethnic origin, place of origin, religion, creed, disability, gender or gender identity, sexual orientation, socio-economic status, citizenship, marital status, age, culture or harassment for any other reason
- the impact of the discipline on the student's prospects for further education
- the student's age

## **INFRACTIONS THAT MAY LEAD TO A SUSPENSION**

Police may be involved, and a suspension **may** be imposed for one of the following infractions which has occurred on school property, during a school related activity or event, and/or in circumstances where the infraction has an impact on the school climate:

- uttering a threat, either verbal or written, to inflict serious bodily harm on another person
- possessing alcohol or illegal drugs or, unless the student is a medical cannabis user, cannabis
- being under the influence of alcohol or, unless the student is a medical cannabis user, cannabis
- swearing at a teacher or at another person in a position of authority
- committing an act of vandalism that causes extensive damage to school property at the pupil's school or to property located on the premises of the pupil's school
- bullying, including cyber bullying
- any activity that contravenes the board's or school's Code of Conduct
- committing physical assault on another person that does not require treatment by a medical practitioner
- habitual neglect of duty
- not having an up-to-date medical/immunization record

## **INFRACTIONS FOR WHICH A PRINCIPAL SHALL IMPOSE A SUSPENSION, AND MAY CONSIDER RECOMMENDING TO THE BOARD THAT A STUDENT BE EXPELLED**

Police may be involved, and a student **will** be immediately suspended, an investigation will occur and **may** lead to a recommendation of expulsion to the board's Student Discipline Committee for one of the following infractions which has occurred on school

property, during a school related activity or event, and/or in circumstances where the infraction has an impact on the school climate:

- possessing a weapon, including a firearm
- using a weapon to cause or to threaten bodily harm to another person
- committing physical assault on another person that causes bodily harm requiring treatment by a medical practitioner
- committing sexual assault
- trafficking in weapons or illegal drugs
- committing robbery
- giving alcohol or cannabis to a minor
- persistent bullying, if the pupil has previously been suspended for bullying, and the pupil's continuing presence in the school creates an unacceptable risk to the safety of another person
- an activity that is motivated by bias, prejudice or hate based on race, colour, national or ethnic origin, language, religion, sex, age, mental or physical disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or another similar factor

Please review [Policy 503](#) for additional information.